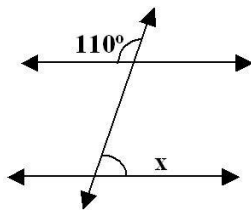




1. A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called  
(a) Parallel (b) transversal (c) intersecting (d) none of these
2. If two adjacent angles are supplementary, then they form \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Corresponding angles (b) vertically opposite angles  
(c) a linear pair of angles (d) a ray
3. If two angles are supplementary then the sum of their measures is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a)  $90^\circ$  (b)  $180^\circ$  (c)  $360^\circ$  (d)  $45^\circ$
4. If two angles are complementary, then the sum of their measures is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a)  $45^\circ$  (b)  $180^\circ$  (c)  $90^\circ$  (d)  $360^\circ$
5. The difference in the measures of two complementary angles is  $12^\circ$ . Find the measures of the angles.  
(a)  $51^\circ$  and  $49^\circ$  (b)  $51^\circ$  and  $39^\circ$  (c)  $60^\circ$  and  $30^\circ$  (d)  $50^\circ$  and  $40^\circ$
6. The angle which is four times its complement is  
(a)  $60^\circ$  (b)  $30^\circ$  (c)  $45^\circ$  (d)  $72^\circ$
7. The difference in the measures of two complementary angles is  $27^\circ$ . Find the measures of the angles.
8. Find the angle whose complement is one-third of its supplement.
9. Find the measure of an angle which is  $16^\circ$  more than its complement.
10. Find the measure of an angle which is  $18^\circ$  less than its complement.
11. Two complementary angles are in the ratio 3 : 6. Find the angles.
12. Find the value of  $x$  if lines are parallel



13.

Lines  $l \parallel m, p \parallel q$ ; Find  $a, b, c, d$

